

**Q1)** Find the inverse Fourier transform of  $G(f)$  for the spectrum shown in Fig Q1.

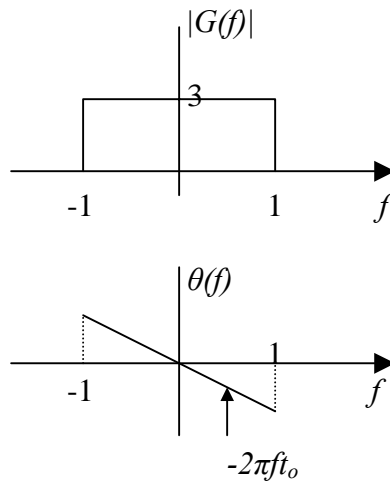


Fig Q1

**Q2)** If  $m(t)$  has a Fourier transform as shown in Fig.Q2.

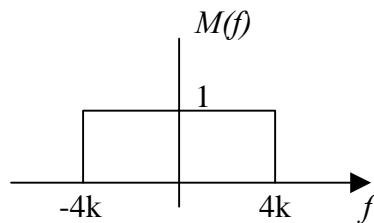


Fig.Q2

Draw the Fourier transform (amplitude and phase) of the following signals:

a)  $m_a(t) = m(2t)$

c)  $m_c(t) = m(t-1)$

e)  $m_e(t) = \hat{\hat{m}}(t)$

b)  $m_b(t) = m(0.5t)$

d)  $m_d(t) = \frac{d}{dt}m(t)$

**Q3)** For the signal

$$g(t) = \frac{2a}{t^2 + a^2}$$

Determine the essential bandwidth  $B$  Hz of  $g(t)$  such that the energy contained in the spectral components of  $g(t)$  of frequencies below  $B$  Hz is 99% of the signal energy.